

# Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority Financial Statements with Supplementary Information

Years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013

and Independent Auditors' Report

# TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY

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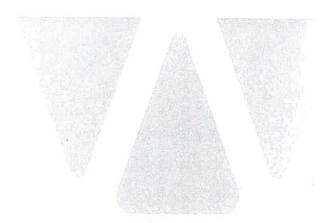
# TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY

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#### Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority Monmouth Beach, New Jersey County of Monmouth

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority, County of Monmouth, New Jersey (the "Authority"), as of and for the year ended October 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

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otric His dtv (4530 (4500 14 Pern Plage 5 14 Dr. 6 New York 14 12 Lt. 22 2 3 9 4 6 12 5 1 g. sp., Physics . . . 10 - C., phys. 10 (1802) 46 (1977) 8. 60 med social sodust Gov Bern genniss John Halland Sten An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of October 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Prior Period Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority as of October 31, 2013, were audited by other auditors whose report dated January 10, 2014, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

#### Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements

As discussed in Note 2 to the basic financial statements, the 2013 financial statements have been restated to properly reflect the effects of a deobligation of debt, to reclassify amounts previously reported as investments to cash and cash equivalents and to restate certain elements of net position. The prior period financial statements were restated by Wiss & Company, LLP. Wiss & Company, LLP has performed no additional procedures to the prior financial statements except for the procedures surrounding the accounts being restated.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an

opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, which consists of the schedule of cash receipts, cash disbursements and changes in cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted, schedule of cash receipts, cash disbursements and changes in cash and cash equivalents – restricted, comparative schedule of operating revenues and expenditures compared to budget, schedule of long-term revenue bonds payable and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and the other information such as the officials in office and surety bond/insurance coverage and general comments and recommendations are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information identified above is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information identified above has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 13, 2015 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WISS & COMPANY, LLP

Wiss & Company

February 13, 2015 Iselin, New Jersey



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

This section presents management's analysis of the Authority's financial condition and activities of the Authority for the fiscal years ended on October 31, 2014 and 2013.

This information should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and accompanying notes to the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis for Local Governments. Certain comparative information between the current fiscal year and the prior two fiscal years are presented in the MD&A as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

#### Discussion of Financial Statements Included in Annual Audit

The Authority prepares and presents its financial statements on several different bases, because of accounting requirements and for internal use purposes.

The first set of statements which consist of the Comparative Statement of Net Position, the Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and the Comparative Statement of Cash Flows are prepared on an accrual basis and are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). These statements are the official basic financial statements of the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority.

After the first set of statements and the "Notes to the Basic Financial Statements" that follow is the second set of schedules. These schedules are considered "Supplementary Information".

The Authority has historically presented its financial statements on a "GAAP Basis", and continues to do so because it relates more fairly to the annual budget for the same period.

Contained in the supplementary information are schedules that report the Comparative Schedule of Operating Revenues and Expenditures Compared to Budget (Schedule 3). This schedule compares the "Budget" revenues and expenses to "Actual" revenues and expenses. Principal and interest are reported in this statement as debt service expense, and depreciation is not reported as an expense. On the "GAAP" based statements, depreciation expense is included, and only the interest expense component of the debt service expense is reported.

The Budget to Actual schedule is a very important schedule to the Authority management staff, because it is how we measure our financial performance, particularly as it compares to the approved and adopted annual budget and how it relates to the operational performance.

Other information or schedules incorporated within the annual audit report are the Schedules of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments – Restricted and Unrestricted and the Schedule of Long-Term Revenue Bonds Payable.

For the purpose of the Management Discussion and Analysis, the ensuing discussion will review the financial statements of the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority, those prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to enterprise funds of state and local governments. This is the first set of statements included in the annual audit report.

#### **Financial Condition**

The Authority's financial condition remained strong at year end, as depicted by the financial data which follows.

#### Comparative Statement of Net Position

The Authority's total assets decreased by \$884,305 due mainly to the depreciation of capital assets exceeding capital asset acquisitions. Total liabilities decreased by \$2,783,323 due mainly to the scheduled payment of revenue bond principal. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$77,366,449. This compares to 2013 where assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$75,467,431.

The Authority's Net Position of \$77,366,449 is comprised of the following:

 Net investment in capital assets of \$54,505,315, as shown below, includes property plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and net of long-term debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$1,019,999 from the prior year.

Capital Assets - Net	\$	72,869,810
Less:		
Revenue Bonds Payable	_	18,364,495
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	54,505,315

- 2. Net position of \$750,000 restricted for the purpose of Renewal and Replacement of "the System", which is determined each year by an independent consulting engineer.
- 3. Net position of \$1,969,280 restricted for the purpose of Renewal and Replacement of "the System" which has accumulated from previous charges.
- 4. Net position of \$400,000 unrestricted designated for future collection system improvements.
- 5. Net position of \$190,000 restricted for a Shrewsbury River Dredging Project.
- 6. Net position of \$4,425,582 unrestricted designated for future capital improvements.

- 7. Net position of \$200,000 unrestricted designated for rate stabilization.
- 8. Unrestricted, undesignated net position of \$14,926,272 represents the portion available to maintain the Authority's continuing obligations to the contractual customers of its service area, its creditors and for its current liabilities.

Unrestricted Net Position increased by \$1,314,690 mainly due to the positive change in net position, partially offset by the decrease in the unrestricted net position designated for future capital improvements.

#### Comparative Condensed Statements of Net Position

	-			October 31,		
	_	2014		2013		2012
				(As restated)		
Total current assets	\$	10,700,225	\$	6,099,134	\$.	4,891,521
Total restricted assets		14,478,619		18,206,580		23,180,668
Capital assets, net		72,869,810		74,620,435		75,827,178
Deferred outflows of resources	102		2	6,810		10,215
Total Assets and Deferred			-			
Outflows of Resources	\$ =	98,048,654	\$	98,932,959	\$	103,909,582
Total current liabilities payable						
from unrestricted assets	\$	1,587,610	\$	1,544,232	\$	1,447,451
Total current liabilities payable						
from restricted assets		3,146,914		3,113,313		4,040,868
Unemployment claims reserve		98,531		98,531		98,531
Compensated absences payable		323,223		336,917		338,035
Long term obligations, net		15,525,927		18,372,535	-	25,674,628
Total Liabilities	\$ =	20,682,205	\$ _	23,465,528	\$	31,599,513
Total Net Position	\$	77,366,449	\$_	75,467,431	\$_	72,310,069

Total current assets have increased because cash and cash equivalents and customer charges receivable increased.

Total restricted assets have decreased because of the closure of the bond reserve fund and the decrease in general fund cash and cash equivalents.

Capital assets, net decreased because depreciation expense exceeded capital asset acquisitions.

Total current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets have increased, mainly due to an increase in accounts payable.

Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets have remained relatively constant.

Long term obligations have decreased due to the repayment of revenue bond principal.

Total net position has increased as a result of the reported positive change in net position for the 2014 fiscal year.

#### Comparative Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

2014 operating revenues increased slightly from 2013 levels, mainly due to an increase in annual charges from customer municipalities. Total operating expenses remained relatively constant. The increase in depreciation expense was offset by decreases in administration and plant operating expenses.

Total operating revenues less total operating expenses produced operating income of \$1,350,443 which is greater than 2013 operating income of \$1,059,382.

Total Net Position as of October 31, 2014 increased by \$1,899,018 as is depicted below.

	Years ended October 31,				
	2014	2013	2012		
		(Restated)			
Total operating revenues	\$_13,417,382_	\$ 13,251,559	\$ 13,919,515		
Operating expenses	8,866,482	9,215,231	7,898,632		
Depreciation	3,200,457	2,976,946	2,957,887		
Total operating expenses	12,066,939	12,192,177	10,856,519		
Operating income	1,350,443	1,059,382	3,062,994		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) - net	548,575	2,097,980	(1,271,826)		
Change in net position	1,899,018	3,157,362	1,791,168		
Total net position - beginning (Restate	ed_ 75,467,431	72,310,069	70,518,901		
Total net position - ending	\$ 77,366,449	\$ 75,467,431	\$ 72,310,069		

#### Comparative Statements of Cash Flows

The net decrease in cash and cash equivalents was \$6,165,396. This compares to a net decrease in cash and cash equivalents in 2013 of \$263,683. The main reason for the 2014 decrease is the purchase of investments.

#### **Debt Administration**

As of October 31, 2014, the Authority had \$18,687,718 of outstanding debt. Of this amount, \$323,223 is for compensated absences and \$18,364,495 is for revenue bonds payable. As of October 31, 2013, the Authority had \$21,472,036 of outstanding debt.

It is the current policy of the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority Board Members, Executive Director, and senior staff, that funding for capital improvements, additions or replacements, is to be accomplished using one or more of the following methods:

Borrowings from the New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust Funding incrementally or annually from annual operating budget

Refunding of existing public debt is routinely reviewed, analyzed and recommended when appropriate. The Authority has defeased various bond issues and achieved significant debt service savings. Early redemptions of bonds outstanding have occurred. No new debt was issued this year.

#### Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, the Authority had \$72,869,810 and \$74,620,435, respectively, invested in land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, other improvements, sewer mains and interceptors, pump stations, other equipment and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation. The decrease in net capital assets is due to the current year's depreciation expense exceeding current year's capital assets additions.

#### Core Competencies

The Authority provides wastewater conveyance and treatment services under contracts with participant municipalities and six customer municipalities and the Fort Monmouth Area.

The System consists of a wastewater treatment plant, a wastewater collection system of approximately 230 miles of gravity interceptor and force mains, 19 pumping stations and an ocean outfall line discharging into the Atlantic Ocean through a diffuser system.

The wastewater treatment plant provides primary and secondary wastewater treatment and is situated on about 25 acres located on Raccoon Island in Monmouth Beach, NJ.

The treatment plant has a designed capacity of 13.83 million gallons per day. The plant is designed to serve the projected treatment needs of the service area based on current zoning ordinances.

The Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority owns and operates the regional piping and pumping systems that receive, meter, and transport the municipal wastewater to the Authority's Regional Plant on Raccoon Island for treatment and discharge. It also owns and operates the collection system in the six participant communities.

The user fees charged to the users of the system of the six participating municipalities is a major source of revenue for the Authority as are the revenues from the customer municipalities' charges paid by the six customer communities, Monmouth Park and the Fort Monmouth area. This is shown on the Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as "Customer Municipalities – Annual Charges and Participating Municipalities – Service Charges" and reported as operating revenue.

#### **Budget Variations**

There were no adjustments made during the year to the adopted 2014 budget. Significant variations between final budgeted amounts and actual expenses occurred in the following budgetary line items: engineering – where expenses exceeded budgeted amounts due to additional services being provided, electricity – where expenses were controlled and were less than anticipated, sludge disposal – where expenses were controlled and were less than anticipated, and lines salaries and wages – where planning staffing increases did not occur.

#### The Chairman's Outlook for the Future

"Our mission for the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority is to provide the ultimate wastewater collection and water reclamation system. Always responsive to the customers' needs and the growing community, in compliance with the applicable laws, rules and regulations, Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority will continue to set and exceed the standards for the protection of the environment, while operating the most efficient system and maintaining a cost effective budget."

As the mission reads, this is who and what the Authority is accountable to. The Authority's accountability, first and foremost, is to protect the environment. The goal is to provide a cost effective and reliable service, and at the same time to protect the environment. This means the Authority is accountable to its customers, the agencies and people served using the same principals: cost effective, efficient, reliable and protective. This is what the employees of the Authority strive for each and every day. And each and every day, the Authority is accountable to its employees.

As an environmental utility, the Authority is also guided by or accountable to state government and the applicable rules and regulations that govern the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority. More specifically, the Authority is accountable to the Department of Community Affairs, Division of Local Government Services and the Department of Environmental Protection.

As an environmental utility, the Authority is accountable to the U.S Environmental Protection Agency.

The Authority is also accountable to the governing body of the Authority, the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority Board of Directors, and as such, accountable to certain government officials.

#### Governing Body

The governing body of the Authority consists of a 12 member board that is appointed for five-year terms by the participant communities they represent. Currently, they are:

William E. Leonard, Chairman
Thomas Barham, Vice Chairman
Barry J. Berdahl, Ph. D., Treasurer
William R. Baarck, P.E., Secretary
Richard N. Tocci, Assistant Treasurer
Arno H. Weber, Assistant Secretary
John Bonforte, Member
Gregory J. Christopher, Member
Catherine D. LaPorta., Member
Brian McPeak, Member
Scott Hartman, Member
William Nolze, Member

#### Management of the Authority

The Executive Director of the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority, Michael A. Gianforte, manages the daily operations of the Authority. He oversees a staff of 36 and a 2014 budget of \$13.2 million. Senior staff is charged with the management of the operations and financial affairs of the Authority. The Executive Director and senior staff are as follows:

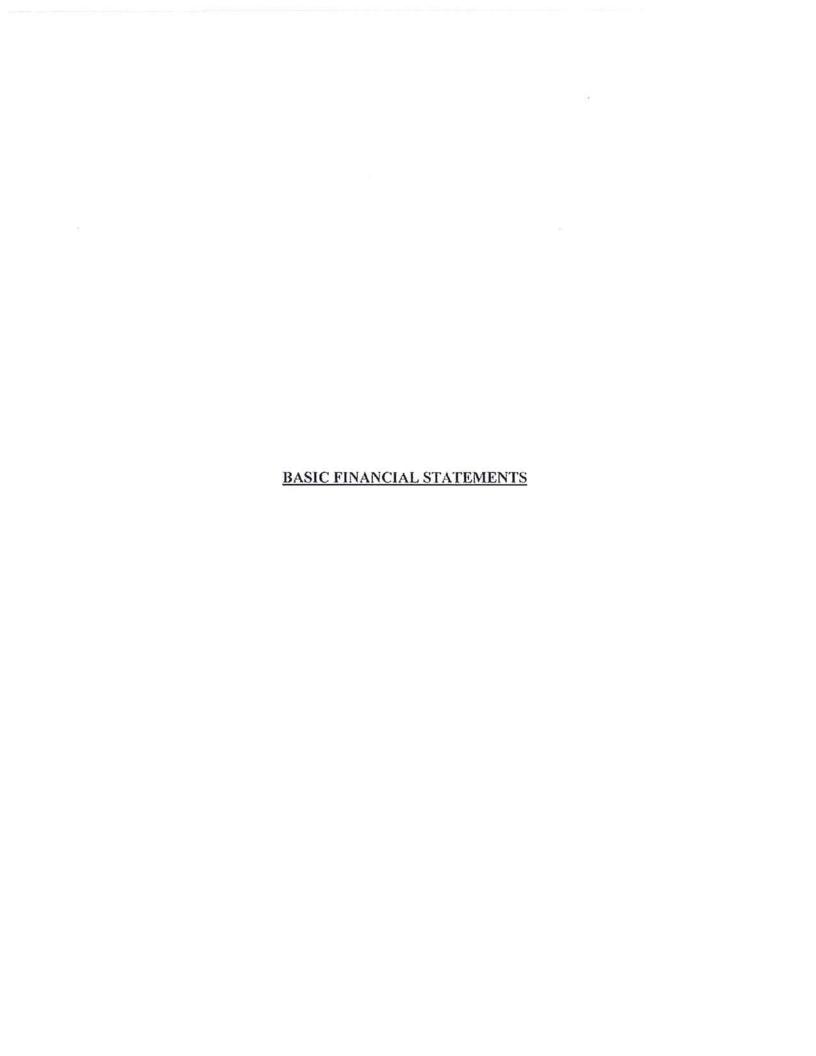
Michael A. Gianforte, Executive Director Kevin Kinneally, Financial Manager Gregory Seaman, Operations Manager Dennis J. Galvin, Engineering Manager

#### Independent Auditors

The Independent audit firm is Wiss & Company, LLP, Iselin, New Jersey.

#### **Financial Information**

Prior audits and budgets can be obtained by contacting the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority or by visiting the Authority's website at www.trwra.org.



# TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

		October 31,			
		2014		2013 (As restated)	
Assets				(No restated)	
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,443,570	\$	5,069,621	
Inventory	1770	26,276	•	27,501	
Customer charges receivable		1,307,208		151,921	
Sewer billings receivable		923,171		845,467	
Other accounts receivable		323,171	_	4,624	
Total current assets		10,700,225		6,099,134	
Restricted assets:					
Revenue fund - Unemployment cash and cash					
equivalents		98,418		98,418	
Developer deposits:					
Cash and cash equivalents		160,540		182,533	
Bond service account:					
Cash and cash equivalents		179,016		1,150,349	
Bond reserve account:					
Cash and cash equivalents		3		362,408	
General account:					
Cash and cash equivalents		5,116,959		13,333,789	
Investments		7,610,118		1,827,270	
Accrued interest receivable		34,351		5,815	
Construction account:		- 1,001		0,0.10	
Cash and cash equivalents		218,201		183,567	
Intergovernmental accounts receivable		312,038		312,038	
Renewal and replacement account:		512,000		312,000	
Cash and cash equivalents	-	748,975	_	750,393	
Total restricted assets		14,478,619		18,206,580	
Deferred outflows of resources:	-				
Deferred loss on refunding				6 910	
Deletted loss of feldfiding	-		_	6,810	
Total deferred outflows of resources			_	6,810	
Non-current assets:					
Capital Assets - Non-depreciable		1,750,773		1,750,773	
Capital Assets - Net of depreciation		71,119,037		72,869,662	
	-	7.1,1.10,001	_	12,000,002	
Total capital assets, net	2	72,869,810	_	74,620,435	
Total accelerate to the formal and t		00 010 05			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	98,048,654	s_	98,932,959	

# TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

	October 31,			31.
		2014		2013 (As restated)
Liabilities				
Current liabilities payable from unrestricted assets:				
Accounts payable	\$	442,006	S	390,050
Accrued expenses		157,409		152,033
Payroll taxes payable				21,290
Customer overpayments		37,411		27,673
Unearned revenue	_	950,784	_	953,186
Total current liabilities payable from unrestricted				
assets		1,587,610	_	1,544,232
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Reserve for developers' deposits		159,862		182,062
Accrued interest on bonds payable		141,449		160,627
Revenue bonds payable - current portion	-	2,845,603	_	2,770,624
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	-	3,146,914	_	3,113,313
Non-current liabilities:				
Long-term revenue bonds payable		15,518,892		18,364,495
Unamortized bond premium		7,035		8,040
		15,525,927		18,372,535
Unemployment claims		98,531		98,531
Compensated absences payable	-	323,223	_	336,917
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	15,947,681	_	18,807,983
Total liabilities	\$	20,682,205	\$_	23,465,528
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$	54,505,315	\$	53,485,316
Debt service				357,199
Renewal and replacement		2,719,280		2,797,752
Dredging project - Shrewsbury River		190,000		190,000
Unrestricted:				
Designated for:				1000
Collection system improvements		400,000		400,000
Rate stabilization		200,000		200,000
Future capital improvements		4,425,582		9,711,733
Undesignated	-	14,926,272	-	8,325,431
Total Net Position	\$	77,366,449	\$_	75,467,431

# TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

	October 31,			
	-	2014		2013 (As restated)
Operating revenues:				•
Customer municipalities:				
Annual charges	\$	7,644,016	\$	7,493,430
Participating municipalities:				
Service charges	_	5,773,366	-	5,758,129
Total operating revenues	_	13,417,382	-	13,251,559
Operating expenses:				
Administration and general		1,971,594		2,008,391
Treatment plant and main pumping station		5,647,841		6,205,287
Lines and system pumping stations		1,124,790		970,531
Depreciation		3,200,457		2,976,946
Renewal and replacement		122,257	·	31,022
Total operating expenses	_	12,066,939	-	12,192,177
Operating income	-	1,350,443	_	1,059,382
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Interest on bonds		(631,176)		(857,286)
Interest income		46,334		11,841
Insurance recovery related to Hurricane Sandy		2000 A		999,443
Loss on disposition of assets				(133,661)
NJEIT Series 2000 Bonds Deobligated				808,450
Federal Emergency Management Agency - Hurricane Sandy		622,964		275,381
Connection fees		399,295		854,164
Miscellaneous income	_	111,158	-	139,648
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	548,575	_	2,097,980
Change in net position		1,899,018		3,157,362
Total net position-beginning (As restated)		75,467,431		72,310,069
Total net position-ending	\$_	77,366,449	\$_	75,467,431

#### TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

	October 31.			
	_	2014		2013 (Restated)
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from members and customers	\$	12,184,391	S	13,757,512
Payments to employees		(3,061,021)		(2,977,276)
Payments to suppliers	-	(5,786,323)		(7,114,423)
Net cash provided by operating activities	100	3,337,047	_	3,665,813
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Purchase of capital assets		(1,449.832)		(1,903,864)
Federal Emergency Management Agency - Hurricane Sandy		622,964		275,381
Repayment of revenue bonds payable	_	(2,770,624)	-	(7,448,307)
Net cash (used in) capital and related				
financing activities		(3.597,492)	-	(9,076,790)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest received		17,798		11,841
Interest paid on revenue bonds		(650,354)		(801,589)
(Purchase) of investment securities		(7.085.333)		
Redemption of investment securities	_	1,302,485	-	4,943,230
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	_	(6,415,404)	-	4,153,482
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Connection fees		399,295		854,164
Miscellaneous income	-	111,158	2/1	139,648
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	510,453	_	993,812
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(6,165,396)		(263,683)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	21,131,078	=	21,394,761
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	14,965,682	\$_	21,131,078
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:		4 0 00 1 10	-	
Operating income	\$	1,350,443	S	1,059,382
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:		0.000 467		0.070.010
Depreciation Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities:		3,200,457		2,976,946
(Increase) decrease in receivables and other assets:				
Unrestricted accounts		(1,227,142)		(349, 136)
Restricted accounts				(5,815)
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities:				1-1-1-1
Payable from unrestricted assets		43,378		96,781
Payable from restricted assets		(23,205)		(111,226)
Other liabilities		(13,694)		(1,119)
Deferred outflows of resources	_	6,810	_	
Net cash provided by operating activities	s_	3,337,047	s_	3,665,813
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:				
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,443,570	S	5,069,621
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	6,522,112	-	16,061,457
	s	14,965,682	\$	21,131,078
	2		=	



### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Board of Commissioners (Board) of the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority (Authority) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity:

The Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority, Monmouth County, New Jersey is a public body politic and corporate of the State of New Jersey, created by virtue of ordinances of the Boroughs of Fair Haven, Little Silver, Monmouth Beach, Oceanport, Shrewsbury and West Long Branch (collectively, the Member Towns") on October 1, 1965, pursuant to the Sewerage Authority Law of the State of New Jersey (P.L. 1946, Chapter 138 as amended and supplemented). The Authority functions independently through a Board of Commissioners. The Board is comprised of twelve members appointed to five-year terms. The purpose of the Authority is to keep the local waters free of pollution.

The Authority, as the primary government for financial reporting purposes, has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority. The Authority receives funding from federal government sources and must comply with requirements of these funding source entities.

The Authority has no component units that are required to be included within the reporting entity as set forth in Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of <u>Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting</u> Standards.

#### B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting:

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The operations of the Authority are accounted for as a proprietary fund. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to proprietary funds as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets, deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities, whether current or non-current, associated with their activity are included on their Comparative Statement of Net Position. Their reported fund equity (net position) is segregated into capital assets net of debt and restricted and unrestricted net position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Depreciation of all exhaustive capital assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the proprietary fund Comparative Statement of Net Position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

#### B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (continued):

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements.

The accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and operating results of proprietary fund types. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

#### C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position:

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Amounts include petty cash and change funds, interest-bearing checking accounts and short-term investments with an original maturity date of three months of less from the date of purchase, carried at cost, which equals fair market value.

#### Investments:

Investments include a United States Treasury Note, a Certificate of Deposit and municipally issued Bond Anticipation Notes. Investments are carried at market value. Investments have a maturity date of three months or more.

#### Accounts Receivable:

User charges are established by the Board annually. The charges are subject to adjustment by the Board and a public hearing must be advertised and held prior to adjustment. Receivables are evaluated periodically for collectability. Unpaid user charges are reported to the municipality where the user resides and referred for inclusion in annual tax sales. Allowances for doubtful accounts are established when deemed necessary.

#### Inventories:

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method. At October 31, 2014 and 2013, the value of the inventory, consisting of diesel fuel on hand, was \$26,276 and \$27,501, respectively.

#### Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include land, property, plant, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in financial statements. The Authority has established a formal system of accounting for its capital assets. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized. The capitalization threshold used by Authorities in the State of New Jersey is \$2,000.

#### TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Years Ended October 31, 2014 and 2013

#### C. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position-(Continued)

All reported capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method under the half-year convention over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<b>Estimated Useful Lives</b>
Buildings	10-75
Pump Stations	5-40
Mains and Interceptors	5-75
Vehicles	5-10
Other improvements	10-75
Other equipment	5-20

#### Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue represents billings for system use which have been issued but not yet earned, due to the timing difference between the calendar year billing cycle and the Authority's fiscal year end of October 31.

#### **Net Position:**

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Designations of unrestricted net position are imposed by action of the Authority's Board.

#### D. Revenues, Operating Revenues and Expenses:

#### Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the accrual basis, revenue from system user charges is recognized in the fiscal year for which the user fees are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses:

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Authority. For the Authority, these revenues are for the collection and treatment of waste water. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Authority.

#### E. Management Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### F. GASB to be Implemented in the 2015 Fiscal Year

In June, 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 ("GASB No. 68"). The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. The requirements of this Statement will improve the decision-usefulness of information in employer and governmental nonemployer contributing entity financial reports and will enhance its value for assessing accountability and interperiod equity by requiring recognition of the entire net pension liability and a more comprehensive measure of pension expense. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods ending on or after June 30, 2015. The Authority has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adopting GASB No. 68.

#### G. Deferred Outflows / Inflows or Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### H. Subsequent Events

Management has reviewed and evaluated all events and transactions occurring from October 31, 2014 through the date of the financial statement issuance, February 13, 2015, for possible disclosure and recognition in the accompanying financial statements and no such items have come to the attention of the Authority which would require disclosure or recognition.

#### 2. Restatement of Financial Statements

The Authority restated its financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2013 to reflect a deobligation of a portion of its Series 2000 Revenue Bonds by the New Jersey Environmental Authority, which was due to the result of a refunding of NJEIT bonds. The Authority did not properly account for this bond refunding in the prior year financial statements. In the prior year, the Authority recorded the effect of the refunding as a reduction to interest expense in an amount of \$82,733. The current year restatement corrects the prior year presentation by reversing the reduction to interest expense of \$82,733 and recording non-operating revenue for the deobligation of the NJEIT bonds in an amount of \$808,450. The net effect on the Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position was an increase in total net position of \$725,717. The effect of the restatement also resulted in a decrease in bonds payable of \$725,717 and an increase to the net investment in capital assets portion of net position as of October 31, 2013 by the same amount.

The Authority restated its Comparative Statement of Net Position as of October 31, 2013 to properly distinguish between cash and cash equivalents and investments. All assets held in governmental money market funds which were originally recorded as investments were reclassified to cash and cash equivalents, because of their liquidity. All amounts previously recorded as investments which had terms of three months or less when the investment was entered into were restated as cash and equivalents. The total amount that was restated was \$20,321,489. This restatement had no impact on the Authority's net position and did not impact the classification of long term or short term assets on the Authority's Comparative Statement of Net Position.

The Authority also restated its Comparative Statement of Net Position as of October 31, 2013 to properly classify the elements of net position. Components of net position which were restricted by an external source were continued to be classified as restricted net position whereas components of net position which were previously recorded as restricted due to internally placed restrictions were restated as designated components of unrestricted net position. The restatement relating to the Comparative Statement of Net Position had no impact on the Authority's total net position.

The following illustrates the impact of the aforementioned restatements of components of net position:

	Co	iously Reported omponents of t Position as of		Effect of	D	alance After Effect
		tober 31, 2013	R	Restatement		of Restatement
Restricted for:						
Collection System Improvements	\$	400,000	\$	(400,000)		55
Rate Stabilization		200,000		(200,000)		-
Renewal and Replacement		3,363,010		(565,258)	\$	2,797,752
Future Capital Improvements		11,241,844		(11,241,844)		=
Unrestricted		6,230,062		12,407,102		18,637,164

# TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Years Ended October 31, 2014 and 2013

# Restatement of Financial Statements - (Continued):

The following presents the effects of the restatements on unrestricted net position - undesignated:

Unrestricted net position as of October 31, 2013 \$ 6,230,062 Adjustment of restricted net position - Future capital improvements 11,241,844 Adjustment of restricted net position - Renewal and replacements 565,258 Adjustment of restricted net position - Collection System Improvements 400,000 Adjustment of restricted net position - Rate Stabilization 200,000 Unrestricted net position as of October 31, 2013, as restated

The following presents the effects of the restatements on restricted net position - renewal and replacements:

\$ 18,637,164

Restricted net position – renewal and replacements as of October 31, 2013 \$ 3,363,010 Adjustment to unrestricted net assets (565,258)Restricted net position - renewal and replacements as of October 31, 2013, as restated \$ 2,797.752

#### 3. Deposits and Investments:

### Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Operating cash, in the form of checking and money market accounts, is held in the Authority's name by commercial banking institutions. At October 31, 2014, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$14,965,682 and the bank balance was \$14,846,235. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was insured with Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. At October 31, 2013, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$21,131,078.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures" ("GASB 40"), the Authority's accounts are examined in order to determine exposure, if any, to Custodial Credit Risk (risk that in the event of bank failure, the Authority's deposits or investments may not be returned). Deposits are considered to be exposed to Custodial Credit Risk if they are: uncollateralized (securities not pledged to the depositor), collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Authority's name.

Custodial Credit Risk: Pursuant to GASB 40, the NJCMF, which is a pooled investment, is exempt from custodial credit risk exposure. The Authority does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk: The Authority does not have an investment policy regarding the management of credit risk. GASB 40 requires that disclosure be made as to the credit rating of all debt security investments except for obligations of the U.S. Government or investments guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Interest Rate Risk: The Authority does not have a policy to limit interest rate risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Authority places no limit on the amount the Authority may invest in any one issuer.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents - (Continued):

At October 31, 2014, \$14,346,235 of the Authority's deposits were unsecured and uncollateralized. The Authority does not have a policy for the management of custodial credit risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA. The Authority has adopted a cash management plan that requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect Government Units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include savings and loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and savings banks, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the Governmental Units.

#### Investments:

New Jersey statutes permit the Authority to purchase the following types of securities:

Bonds and other obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States. Bonds of any Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal National Mortgage Agency or of any United States Bank which have a maturity date not greater than 397 days from the date of purchase.

New Jersey Cash Management Fund, New Jersey Asset and Rebate Management Fund and Government money market mutual funds.

The Authority's investments consisted of a United States Treasury Note, a Certificate of Deposit, and Bond Anticipation Notes purchased by the Authority from various municipalities during the years.

*Credit Risk* – As of October 31, 2014 the Authority's various investments in the Bond Anticipation Notes of South Bound Brook, Manchester, Hudson County Improvement Authority, Frenchtown, Deal, Wall, Avon, Califon, Bridgeton and Hammonton were not rated by a nationally recognized bond rating agency.

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counter-party, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured and are not registered in the name of the Authority.

The Authority manages custodial credit risk by limiting its investments to the debt of other governmental units within the State of New Jersey and in United States Treasury Notes.

### Investments - (Continued):

The following is the detail of the balance of the Authority's investments, all of which are held directly by the Authority's Trustee.

The following is the detail of the balance of the Authority's investments, all of which are held directly by the Authority's Trustee as of October 31, 2014.

Description of Investment	Interest Rates		Balance as of
General Fund		1	October 31, 2014
Bond Anticipation Notes:	_		
Borough of South Bound Brook	1.50%	\$	458,669
Township of Manchester	1.25%		303,796
Hudson County Improvement Authority	1.25%		500,520
Frenchtown Borough	1.25%		388,886
Deal Borough	1.00%		516,490
Wall Township	1.50%		500,560
Borough of Avon by the Sea	0.84%		1,045,000
Borough of Avon by the Sea	0.73%		650,750
Borough of Avon by the Sea	0.82%		1,026,000
Borough of Califon	0.83%		565,000
City of Bridgeton	1.14%		494,000
Town of Hammonton	0.64%		635,540
Total Bond Anticipation Notes			7,085,211
Certificate of Deposit	Variable		221,907
United States Treasury Note	1.25%		303,000
Grand Total		\$	7,610,118

The following is the detail of the balance of the Authority's investments, all of which are held directly by the Authority's Trustee as of October 31, 2013.

Description of Investment	Interest Rates	Balance as of
General Fund		October 31, 2013
Bond Anticipation Notes	Various	\$ 1,000,000
Certificate of Deposit	Variable	221,785
United States Treasury Note	.50% to 1.25%	605,485
Grand Total		\$ 1,827,270

# 4. Capital Assets

The following schedule is a summarization of the changes in capital assets for the year ended October 31, 2014.

	F	Beginning Balance	Increases		Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Construction in progress	\$	280,373			\$	280,373
Land		1,470,400				1,470,400
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	1,750,773			4	1,750,773
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements		14,658,652				14,658,652
Other improvements		68,511,363	\$	579,639		69,091,002
Sewer mains and interceptors		32,530,497				32,530,497
Pump stations		6,970,078		166,158		7,136,236
Other equipment		2,519,977		645,934		3,165,911
Vehicles		1,077,562		58,101		1,135,663
Total assets being						
depreciated	13	26,268,129		1,449,832	12	7,717,961
Accumulated depreciation	(5	3,398,467)		(3,200,457)	(50	5,598,924)
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated, net		72,869,662		(1,750,625)		71,119,037
Net Capital Assets	\$	74,620,435	\$	(1,750,625)	_\$	72,869,810

# 5. Long-term liabilities

During the year ended October 31, 2014, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities.

	Beginning Balance		Ending Balance	
Compensated absences Revenue bonds payable	(As restated) \$ 336,917 21,135,119	\$ 13,694 2,770,624	\$ 323,223 18,364,495	
Total	\$ 21,472,036	\$ 2,784,318	\$ 18,687,718	
Current Portion	\$ 2,770,624		\$_2,845,603	

#### 5. Long-term liabilities (continued):

#### 2000A Series Bonds - New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust

On November 9, 2000, the Authority issued \$49,357,977 in Revenue Bonds through the New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust ("NJEIT"). The "Fund" portion of the Bond Issue, \$22,642,977, was issued on an interest free basis. The remaining Bonds mature semi-annually from February 1, 2015 through August 1, 2020 at maturities ranging from \$30,895 to \$1,178,194. The Bonds were issued with an original issue premium of \$20,100.

In 2013, the Authority received notice from the NJEIT that \$725,717 was deobligated. A reduction of the principal balance outstanding was made.

The "Trust" portion of the Bond Issue, \$26,715,000, has remaining annual maturities due from August 1, 2015 through 2020 at amounts ranging from \$1,609,038 to \$2,070,815 and bear interest at rates ranging from 5.13% to 5.25%.

The "Trust" portion of the Bond Issue was refunded by the NJEIT during the fiscal years ending October 31, 2006 and 2010. The Authority realized present value savings of \$1,034,705 and \$139,070, respectively.

The "Fund" portion of the Bond Issue, \$22,642,977 has remaining semi-annual maturities due from February 1, 2014 through August 1, 2020 at amounts ranging from \$184,238 to \$1,154,691 and were issued at a 0% interest rate.

Remaining annual principal and interest payments are depicted below.

Year		Principal		Interest		Total
2015	\$	2,845,603	\$	565,808	S	3,411,411
2016		2,931,595		483,944		3,415,539
2017		3,015,042		397,777		3,412,819
2018		3,108,917		305,780		3,414,697
2019		3,206,938		191,902		3,398,840
2020	_	3,256,400	-	124,185	s 3.	3,380,585
	\$_	18,364,495	\$_	2,069,396	\$	20,433,891

#### 6. Compensated Absences

The Authority records a liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee and is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits. The Authority uses the "vesting method" for estimating its accrued sick and vacation leave liability.

Authority employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts under the Authority's personnel policies and according to negotiated contracts. In the event of retirement, according to contract, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave. The liability for vested compensated absences of the Authority amounted to \$323,223 and \$336,917 as of October 31, 2014 and October 31, 2013, respectively.

#### 7. Pension Plans

#### Description of Systems:

Substantially all of the Authority's employees participate in the following contributory defined benefit public employee retirement system, which have been established by State statute; the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). This systems is sponsored and administered by the State of New Jersey. The Public Employees Retirement System is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan.

#### Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS):

The Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) was established in January 1955 under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 43:15A to provide retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan.

Membership is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, Authority or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state-administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction. Age eligibility and benefit provisions were affected by Chapters 92 and 103, P.L. 2007, Chapter 89, P.L. 2008, Chapter 1, P.L. 2010, and Chapter 78, P.L. 2011. Members are classified into one of five tiers dependent upon the date of their enrollment. Tier 1, 2 and 3 members are eligible to retire at age 60, 60, and 62, respectively with an annual benefit generally determined to be 1/55th of the average annual compensation for the highest three fiscal years' compensation for each year of membership during years of credited service. Tier 4 and 5 members are eligible to retire at age 62 and 65, respectively with an annual benefit generally determined to be 1/60th of the average annual compensation for the highest five fiscal years' compensation for each year of membership during years of credited service. Anyone who retires early and is under their respective tier's retirement age receives retirement benefits as calculated in the above mentioned formulas but at a reduced rate in accordance with applicable New Jersey Statute based upon their tier.

### 7. Pension Plans (continued)

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, issued publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information for the PERS. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution policy is set by New Jersey State Statutes and contributions are required by active members and contributing members. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. Under the provisions of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, employee contribution rates for PERS increased from 5.5% to 6.5% of employees' annual compensation. An additional increase is to be phased in over the next seven years that will bring the total pension contribution rate to 7.5% of employees' annual compensation. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate for PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments, noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums.

The Authority's actuarially determined contributions to PERS for the years ended October 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$295,253, \$279,877 and \$275,282, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

#### Contribution Requirements:

The contribution policy is set by New Jersey State Statutes and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation. PERS provides for employee contributions of 6.78% of employees' annual compensation, as defined through June 30, 2014 and 6.92% thereafter. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for both cost-of-living adjustments, noncontributory death benefits, and post-retirement medical premiums.

#### 8. Defined Contribution Retirement Program

The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) was established on July 1, 2007 for certain public employees under the provisions of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007. The program provides eligible members, with a tax-sheltered, defined contribution retirement benefit, in addition to life insurance and disability coverage. The DCRP is jointly administered by the Division of Pensions and Benefits and Prudential Financial.

#### TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements Years Ended October 31, 2014 and 2013

#### 9. Deferred Compensation

The Authority offers its employees the following deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan which is administered by the AXA/Equitable, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Amounts deferred under the plans are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

#### 10. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

#### Property and Liability Insurance:

The Authority maintains commercial insurance coverage through the New Jersey Utility Authorities Joint Insurance Fund for property, liability and surety bonds and does not retain risk of loss. A complete schedule of insurance coverage can be found in the Other Supplementary Information section of the report. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and no settlements have exceeded insurance coverage over the past three years.

#### New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance:

The Authority has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Benefit Reimbursement Method." Under this plan, the Authority is required to reimburse the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Authority is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State. There are sufficient funds maintained in the separate unemployment compensation account to pay current billings.

#### 11. Contingent Liabilities

#### **Grant Programs:**

The Authority participates in federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Authority has not complied with the rules and regulations governing grants, refunds of any money received may be required. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance, which would result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

#### Litigation:

The Authority is involved in several pending lawsuits. The Authority's attorney has indicated the Authority does have litigation in progress with its Customer Municipalities. The attorney was unable to form an opinion as to the ultimate outcome of the claim. The claim filed by the Customer Municipalities seeks some \$19.2 million dollars from the Authority.

In the opinion of the Authority, there are no other significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the Authority or its respective grants; therefore, no provisions have been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

#### 12. Restrictions on Net Position

Certain portions of net position have been restricted. Restrictions include net position restricted for dredging project, \$190,000, and net position restricted for renewal and replacement, \$2,719,280.



# TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - UNRESTRICTED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

Cash and Cash Equivalents,		
November 1, 2013	\$	5,069,621
Cash Receipts:		
Customer Municipalities Annual Charges		6,353,278
Monmouth Park		135,557
Participating Municipalities Service Charges		5,627,475
Other Income		199,377
Interest Income		508
Connection Fees		399,295
Transfers from Restricted Accounts		375,528
Federal Emergency Management Agency	-	722,964
Total Cash Available	-	18,883,603
Cash Disbursements:		
Vendors and Payroll		6,946,746
Transfers to Restricted Accounts	(Maryana)	3,493,287
Total Cash Disbursements	-	10,440,033
Cash and Cash Equivalents,		
October 31, 2014	\$	8,443,570

TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY
SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS - RESTRICTED ACCOUNTS
YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

					/EAF	YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014	)BER	31, 2014								
				Accounts Red	Juire	Accounts Required by Revenue Bond Agreement	ond A	Agreement				Other Accounts	conu	ts		
		Bond		Bond		Renewal and Replacement		General	O	Construction	>	Unemployment Reserve		Escrow	Total	
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments, November 1, 2013	w	1,150,349	w	362,408	S	750,393	S	15,161,059	vs	183,567	S	98,418	S	182,533 \$	17,888,727	2
Cash Receipts: Interest on Investments Sewer Connections		57		σ		75		17,467		34,615				236	17,863	m in
Transfers from Restricted Funds Transfer form Escrow Agent Developers' Deposits	ļ	3,493,287			- 1			1,053,459	1		Į.		1	11,720	3,493,287 1,053,459 11,720	r e ol
Total Cash and Investments Available	1	4,643,693	I.	362,417		750,468	1	16,231,985	Į.	218,201	I	98,418	1	194,489	22,499,671	-1
Cash Disbursements: Payment of Bond Interest Payment of Bond Principal Transfer to Escrow Agent Transfers to Unrestricted Funds		642,518 2,770,624 971,390		362 414		1 493		11 621							642,518 2,770,624 971,390 375,528	m + 0 ~
Transfers to Restricted Funds NJEIT - Administrative Fee Developers' Escrow Payments	Į.	80,145	- E				1	3,493,287	I		J			33,949	3,493,287 80,145 33,949	1 × 10 ml
Total Cash Disbursements	1	4,464,677	1	362,414		1,493	1	3,504,908	1		I		ļ	33,949	8,367,441	_1
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments, October 31, 2014	S	179,016	ဖ ျ	3	اري "	748,975	ဖ	12,727,077	S	218,201	ွ	98,418	ဖ ျ	160,540 \$	160,540 \$ 14,132,230	ال
Balance Comprised of: Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	w	179,016	s,	က	σ.	748,975	vs	5,116,959	v,	218,201	vs	98,418	S	160,540 \$	6,522,112	امرما
	S	179,016	S	3	w	748,975	v	12,727,077	v	218,201	S	98,418	S	160,540 \$	160,540 \$ 14,132,230	

TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

Schedule 3 Sheet 1 of 5

				Octobe	October 31, 2014	0	A CHARLEST AND AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF T			ŏ	October 31, 2013	CHEST	Commence of the Commence of th
		Adopted		Final		>	Variance		Final				Variance
		Budget		Budget	Realized	Fina	Final to Actual		Budget		Realized	ii.l	Final to Actual
Rovenues													
Revenue from Customer Municipalities and Government Facilities:	w	7,126,360	S	7,126,360	ы	v		10	7.491.065	v		v	
Eatontown	5				1,859,816	6		2		g	1,975,309		1,975,309
Tinton Falls					1,185,208						1,121,090		1,121,090
Red Bank					1,545,024						1,540,119		1,540,119
Rumson					1,671,195						1,399,627		1,399,627
Sea Bright					375,064						344,435		344,436
Township of Shrewsbury					182,422						136,744		136,744
Fort Monmouth					604,903						703,050		703,050
Monmouth Park			1		219,384					I	273,055	1	273,055
	1	7,126,350	J	7,126,350	7,644,016		517,656		7,491,065	1	7,493,430		2,365
Service Charges: Individual Billings Member Towns	I	5,661,360	J	5.661,350	5,773,366		112,006		5,667,120	I	5,758,129		91,009
Interest on Investments	I	25,000	ı	25,000	46,334		21,334	1	25,000	I	11,841	ļ	(13,159)
Other Fees: Connection Charges Miscellaneous Income	I	340,550	1	340,550	399,295 734,122		58,745	- 1	351,800	1	317,022	l	502,364
	ı	360,550	1	360,550	1,133,417		772,867		371,800	- 1	1,171,186	-	799,386
Total Revenues	S	13,173,270	S	13,173,270	\$ 14,597,133	S	1,423,863	S	13,554,985	50	14,434,586	S	879,601

Schedule 3 Sheet 2 of 5

TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET
YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

				Octobe	October 31, 2014	4			9		0	October 31, 2013		Acres and
	1	Adopted						Variance		Final				Variance
		Budget		Budget		Realized	-	Final to Actual		Budget		Realized	350,740.	Final to Actual
Expenditures														
Administrative and General Expenditures;	U	5R1 342	v	581 347	v	518 750	v	62.592	S	476,700	S	530,665	S	(53,965)
Employee Benefits	•	231 714	>	231 714	,	187,541	ε.	44.173		278,000	C.	296,719		(18,719)
FICA and Medicare		41 983		41 983		30,441		11,542		36,500		36,563		(63)
Employee Medical Related		497		497		1,710		(1,213)		1,500		2,495		(888)
Pension PERS		290.000		290,000		295,253		(5,253)		305,643		280,061		25,582
Billing Expenses:														
Computer Service		7,901		7,901		25,489		(17,588)		2,000		12,798		(10,798)
Billing Postage		20,000		20,000		10,708		9,292		30,000		20,476		9,524
Bank Fees		11,674		11,674		9,866		1,808						
Office Expenses:														
Other Postage		3,624		3,624		1,998		1,625		4,500		3,037		1,463
Stationery and Supplies		13,260		13,260		25,312		(12,052)		16,500		21,672		(5,172)
General Expenses:														
Conferences and Training		4,700		4,700		9,253		(4,553)		4,500		6,616		(2,116)
Travel Expenses		250		250		4,194		(3,944)		400		5,171		(4,771)
Auto and Fire Liability Business Insurance		215,000		215,000		134,336		80,664		180,000		158,376		21,624
Worker's Compansation Insurance		178,701		178,701		95,328		83,373		117,200		104,242		12,958
Conferences, Training Expenses														
Pre-Employ Physican Fees														
Div Of Motor Vehicle Fee														
Advertising Fees		17,500		17,500		19,286		(1,786)		7,500		18,104		(10,604)
NJEIT Administration & Agent Fees		81,000		81,000		80,145		855		81,000		80,145		855
Dues and Membership		6,000		6,000		8,921		(2,921)		10,000		7,467		2,533
Subscriptions		1.800		1.800		1,151		649		1,800		1,012		788
Gift Baskets		300		300		1,146		(846)		700		524		176
Leases of R. Property		108		108		108				110		107		e
Long Branch Sewer		3,432		3.432		3,432				3,500		3,432		99
Miscellaneous - Other Expenses		•												
Contingency										2,000				2,000
Professional Expenses:														
Legal Fees		175,000		175,000		154,953		20,047		70,000		182,742		(112,742)
Engineering Fees		90,000		90,000		221,359		(131,359)		000'06		88,006		1,994
Trustee Fees						3,400		(3,400)		3,800		3,400		400
Auditors Fees		35,000		35,000		28,000		7,000		33,000		37,125		(4,125)

TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

Schedule 3 Sheet 3 of 5

Adapted   Final   Nationaco   Final   Pacificed   Final   Final   Pacificed   Final   Pacificed   Final   Pacificed   Final   Pacificed   Final   Pacificed   Final   Pacificed   Final   Final   Pacificed   Final   Fi			Octo	October 31, 2014			October 31, 2013	
5         5		Adopted	Final Budgel	Realized	Varianco Final to Actual	Final Budget	Realized	Variance Final to Actual
s         2,156,480         2,156,480         2,023,633         132,847         1,927,353         2,045,516           2,225,000         2,225,000         2,171,541         53,459         2,025,100         2,151,199           540,000         540,000         12,000         15,402         140,000         163,245           170,000         170,000         15,402         2,43,241         875,000         5,150           850,000         860,000         800,759         2,43,241         875,000         163,245           10,000         77,000         100,000         87,761         100,000         6,463           10,000         100,000         87,761         100,000         6,463           10,000         100,000         87,771         32,283         100,000         6,463           10,000         10,000         77,777         32,283         100,000         6,463           10,000         10,000         77,777         32,283         100,000         6,463           10,000         10,000         30,000         32,927         47,073         80,000         37,993           10,000         10,000         30,000         30,000         30,000         30,993         30,993 </td <td>Administrative and General Expenditures (Continued): Professional Expenses (Continued): Engineering Liligation Expense Legal Liligation Expense Pre-Employment Physical Fees Bank Fees Revenue Fund Other Post Employment Benafits</td> <td></td> <td>684</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>15</td> <td>\$ 926 23,800</td>	Administrative and General Expenditures (Continued): Professional Expenses (Continued): Engineering Liligation Expense Legal Liligation Expense Pre-Employment Physical Fees Bank Fees Revenue Fund Other Post Employment Benafits		684				15	\$ 926 23,800
2.225,000         2,171,541         53,459         2,025,100         2,151,199           540,000         563,549         2,025,100         2,151,199           540,000         170,000         15,402         10,000         510,899           170,000         12,000         60,759         249,241         875,000         51,230           75,000         80,000         87,761         87,600         10,000         65,463           100,000         100,000         87,771         22,811         100,000         10,682           60,000         100,000         87,771         32,283         100,000         65,463           110,000         110,000         17,777         32,283         100,000         86,463           110,000         1,000         34,740         1,740         20,000         37,596           1,000         1,000         34,740         1,740         20,000         37,696           50,000         50,000         33,906         47,073         80,000         37,696           50,000         50,000         105,600         105,600         17,093         17,093           50,000         50,000         105,600         105,660         105,000         105,000<	Total Administrative and General Expenditures	2,156,480	2,156,480	2,023,633	132,847	1,927,353	2,045,516	(118,163)
2,225,000         2,171,541         53,459         2,025,100         2,151,199           5,40,000         540,000         593,548         54,300         51,300         51,000           170,000         170,000         15,402         (3,402)         10,000         52,150           850,000         850,000         600,759         2,49,241         875,000         150,632           60,000         75,000         100,000         87,781         (37,781)         90,000         65,463           110,000         100,000         87,781         (27,781)         90,000         65,463           110,000         100,000         77,717         32,283         100,000         65,463           110,000         1,000         77,717         32,283         100,000         34,596           1,000         1,000         34,740         (1,740)         20,000         37,983           50,000         50,000         33,906         33,906         35,000         77,093           50,000         50,000         43,906         44,000         77,093           50,000         50,000         105,806         40,000         33,444           40,000         50,000         105,806         40,00	freatment Plant and Main Pumping Expenditures;							
School	Plant Salaries and Wages	2,225,000	2,225,000	2,171,541	53,459	2,025,100	2,151,199	(126,099)
170,000	Employee Benefits	540,000	540,000	593,548	(53,548)	541,300	510,896	30,404
12,000         12,000         15,402         (3,402)         10,000         5,150           850,000         850,000         60,759         249,241         875,000         552,300           75,000         75,000         87,761         (27,761)         75,000         65,463           100,000         100,000         77,777         32,811         100,000         86,112           110,000         110,000         77,777         32,833         100,000         86,112           80,000         100,000         32,827         47,073         80,000         37,596           1,000         1,000         32,827         47,073         80,000         34,983           26,000         33,000         34,740         (1,740)         20,000         34,983           50,000         50,000         34,740         (1,740)         20,000         77,093           50,000         50,000         50,000         52,884         (3,884)         35,000         42,367           50,000         50,000         50,000         105,884         (35,806)         50,000         77,093           50,000         50,000         50,000         105,884         (1,376)         40,000         70,000 </td <td>FICA and Medicare</td> <td>170,000</td> <td>170,000</td> <td>163,044</td> <td>6,956</td> <td>140,000</td> <td>163,245</td> <td>(23,245)</td>	FICA and Medicare	170,000	170,000	163,044	6,956	140,000	163,245	(23,245)
12,000	Stationery and Supples							
850,000 850,000 600,759 249,241 875,000 542,300 542,300 56,670 75,000 65,630 100,000 1	Conferences and Training	12,000	12,000	15,402	(3,402)	10,000	5,150	4,850
75,000 75,000 69,330 6,670 75,000 130,662 60,000 87,761 (27,761) 90,000 65,463 100,000 100,000 77,717 32,283 100,000 86,112 80,000 10,000 77,717 32,283 100,000 86,112 80,000 33,000 34,740 (1,740) 20,000 34,983 55,000 50,000 63,906 (33,906) 50,000 77,093 50,000 6,000 105,844 (35,844) 44,000 86,905 14,000 60,000 146,223 (36,523) 50,000 34,444 50,000 50,000 146,223 (36,523) 50,000 114,384	Electricity	850,000	850,000	600,759	249,241	875,000	542,300	332,700
60,000         67,751         (27,751)         90,000         65,463           100,000         100,000         77,177         32,283         100,000         86,112           110,000         110,000         32,283         100,000         86,112           80,000         1,000         32,927         47,073         80,000         37,595           1,000         1,000         33,000         34,740         (1,740)         20,000         34,983           50,000         50,000         50,000         52,884         (3,884)         35,000         77,093           50,000         50,000         50,000         105,884         35,000         77,093           50,000         50,000         105,884         (3,884)         35,000         77,093           50,000         50,000         105,884         (3,384)         44,000         60,905           40,000         50,000         105,884         (3,384)         44,000         73,44           50,000         50,000         114,384         (3,386)         50,000         39,444           50,000         50,000         146,223         (9,233)         50,000         314,44	Fuel - Diesel	75,000	75,000	68,330	6,670	75,000	130,682	(55,682)
100,000         100,000         70,189         29,811         100,000         56,823           110,000         110,000         77,717         32,283         100,000         86,112           80,000         1,000         34,740         1,000         2,000         34,586           50,000         30,000         83,906         50,000         77,933           49,000         50,000         62,884         (1,740)         20,000         77,933           50,000         50,000         106,844         (1,384)         35,000         77,933           50,000         50,000         106,844         (1,378)         44,000         60,905           70,000         103,864         (1,378)         40,000         85,286           50,000         50,000         114,384         40,000         85,286           50,000         50,000         14,326         50,000         39,444           50,000         50,000         146,223         50,000         114,384	Natural Gas	60,000	60,000	87,761	(27,761)	000'06	65,463	24,537
110,000         110,000         77,777         32,283         100,000         86,112           80,000         80,000         32,927         47,073         80,000         37,596           1,000         1,000         1,000         2,000         34,983           30,000         30,000         34,740         (1,740)         20,000         77,093           49,000         50,000         49,000         2,284         (3,864)         35,000         42,357           5,000         50,000         105,844         (3,844)         44,000         60,905           50,000         50,000         105,844         (3,844)         44,000         60,905           40,000         40,000         103,66         (3,844)         44,000         60,905           50,000         40,000         103,66         (3,944)         44,000         85,286           50,000         50,000         146,223         (36,623)         50,000         34,44           50,000         50,000         146,223         (36,223)         50,000         114,384	Sodium Hypochlorite	100,000	100,000	70,189	29,811	100,000	56,823	43,177
80,000         80,000         32,927         47,073         80,000         37,595           1,000         1,000         1,000         2,000         34,983           33,000         33,000         34,740         (1,740)         20,000         34,983           50,000         50,000         52,884         (3,884)         50,000         77,093           49,000         5,000         2,28         2,712         6,000         71,93           50,000         50,000         105,844         (1,376)         44,000         60,905           50,000         40,000         105,844         (1,376)         40,000         85,286           40,000         40,000         14,362         50,000         39,444           50,000         50,000         145,223         (9,233)         50,000         114,384	Polymer	110,000	110,000	77,717	32,283	100,000	86,112	13,888
1,000         1,000         2,000         34,340         34,740         1,000         2,000         34,983           33,000         33,000         34,740         (1,740)         20,000         77,993           50,000         50,000         52,884         (3,864)         35,000         77,993           49,000         5,000         2,288         2,712         6,000         719           50,000         50,000         105,844         (56,844)         44,000         60,905           734         40,000         40,000         77,182         73,44         73,44           40,000         50,000         71,182         60,000         39,444         50,000         39,644           50,000         50,000         74,223         (65,223)         50,000         314,444	Hydrogen Peroxide	80,000	80,000	32,927	47,073	80,000	37,596	42,404
1,000 1,000 1,000 2,000 34,740 1,740) 20,000 34,883 50,000 50,000 83,906 (1,740) 20,000 77,093 50,000 49,000 50,000 2,288 2,712 6,000 77,093 50,000 50,000 105,844 (56,844) 44,000 60,905 1,378 (1,378) 44,000 85,286 50,000 146,223 (56,223) 50,000 114,384	Permanganate							
33,000 33,000 34,740 (1,740) 20,000 34,983 (1,740) 20,000 34,983 (1,740) 20,000 34,983 (1,740) 20,000 34,983 (1,740) 20,000 34,983 (1,7693) (1,376) (1	Non Bulk Chemicals	1,000	1.000		1.000	2.000		2,000
50,000         50,000         83,906         (33,906)         50,000         77,093           49,000         49,000         52,884         (3,864)         35,000         42,357           5,000         52,884         (3,864)         35,000         77,99           50,000         50,000         105,844         44,000         719           734         1,378         44,000         734           40,000         40,000         109,650         40,000         85,286           50,000         50,000         71,62         50,000         39,444           50,000         50,000         145,223         50,000         11,384	Fuel - Unleaded	33,000	33,000	34.740	(1,740)	20,000	34,983	(14,983)
49,000 49,000 52,884 (3,864) 35,000 42,357 5,000 5,000 105,844 (56,844) 44,000 60,905 734 44,000 60,905 60,000 105,600	Truck Maintenance	50,000	50,000	83,906	(33,906)	20,000	77,093	(27,093)
5,000         5,000         2,288         2,712         6,000         719           50,000         50,000         105,844         (56,844)         44,000         60,905           734         1,378         (1,378)         734           40,000         40,000         109,650         (69,650)         40,000         85,286           50,000         50,000         71,182         (31,182)         50,000         39,444           50,000         50,000         146,223         (69,223)         50,000         114,384	DEP and EPA Permits	49,000	49 000	52 884	(3.884)	35,000	42 357	(7.357)
50,000         50,000         105,844         (56,844)         44,000         60,905           734         (1,376)         40,000         109,650         734           40,000         40,000         109,650         40,000         85,286           50,000         50,000         146,223         (66,223)         50,000         114,384	Calibration Services	5,000	5 000	2 288	2712	6,000	719	5 281
40,000         40,000         40,000         109,650         (9,650)         40,000         85,286           50,000         50,000         71,162         (21,182)         50,000         39,444           50,000         50,000         146,223         65,000         114,384	Water	20,000	50,000	105,844	(56,844)	44,000	60,905	(16,905)
40,000         40,000         40,000         109,650         40,000         85,286           50,000         50,000         71,182         50,000         39,444           50,000         50,000         146,223         (96,223)         50,000         114,384	Stationery Supplies			1,378	(1,378)		734	(734)
50,000 50,000 71,182 (21,182) 50,000 39,444 50,000 50,000 146,223 (96,223) 50,000 114,384	Maintenance Supplies	40,000	40,000	109,650	(69,650)	40,000	85,286	(45,286)
50,000 50,000 146,223 (96,223) 50,000 114,384	Equipment Service Contracts	50,000	50,000	71,182	(21,182)	50,000	39,444	10,556
	Equipment Repair	50,000	50,000	146,223	(96,223)	50,000	114,384	(64,384)

TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET
YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

Schedule 3 Sheet 4 of 5

1		1		October 31, 2014						Ö	October 31, 2013		
	Adopted		Final				Variance	l	Final				Variance
	Budget		Budget	IXI	Realized	12.1	Final to Actual		Budget		Realized		Final to Actual
Expenditures (Continued)													
Treatment Plant and Main Pumping Expenses (Continued):													
Oniforms and Gloves	12,500	v	12,500	S	14.127	v	(1.627)	U	12 500	v	20 147	v	TEAT
Equipment Replacement	30,000		30,000		66.329		(36.329)	•	30,000	>	42,04	7	(750,7)
Sludge Removal	900,000		000 006		699 774		270,000		0000		700,100		(14,109)
Laboratory Supplies	32 500		32 500		1000		0.270		000'008		723,100		176,900
Outside Lab Fees	77.00		000,100		20,100		0,334		30,000		29,707		293
Ministration Consistent	006,71		17,500		20,616		(3.116)		20,000		20,325		(325)
	30,000		30,000		31,212		(1,212)		30,600		30.600		
Samional outphiles	10,000		10,000		10,069		(69)		8,000		12 159		14.4501
coulding and Ground Maintenance	37,500		37,500		133,970		(95.470)		37,500		63.887		(78.36)
sase expenses					13		(13)				076		(20,03)
Contingency	10,000		10.000		841		0 1 50		000		010		(3/3)
Plant Renewal and Replacement					0 0		מינים מינים		000'01		4,110		5,885
New Equipment	20.000		00000		4000		(8,354)						
Hurricane Damage	000		20,000		74,556		(54,566)		20,000		21,182		(1,182)
Penalties and Fines					947,236		(947, 236)				2,804,955		(2.804.965)
							20 02 02						
Total Treatment Plant and Main Pumping												1	
Expenditures	5,671,000		5 671 000	ď	6 525 003		1004 000				0.000		
1					200,000		(904,802)		5,453,000	l	7,993,465		(2,540,465)
Lines and System Pumping Station:													
Line Salaries and Wages	506,000		506,000		276 105		100 BG4		274.000				
Employee Benefits	120.000		120 000		278.701		100,000		008'414		76,574		190,326
FICA and Medicare	30,000		30,00		000000		12,127		114,500		56,687		17,813
Other Lines Expenses:			000		20,203		(80c)		35,000		20,563		14,437
Travel Expenses					•								
Stationery and Supplies					- 6		(18)						
Conferences and Training	2 500				108		(169)						
Electricity	2,000		7,500		1,791		502		2,500		921		1.579
Fuel - Unleaded Gasoline	000'011		110,000		107,913		2,087		110,000		106.936		3.064
Nation Case	006,81		16,500				16,500		15,000		10 220		A 780
Translation Case	20,000		20,000		15,833		4.167		30,000		200 84		000
nydiogen Peroxide	100,000		100,000		79.810		20 190		0000		2000		11,090
Nitrate Oxygen	35,000		35,000		20 50 4				000,000		190'76		57,413
Maintenance and Supplies	20 000		000,00		10.00		D 4'0		30,000		32,698		(2,698)
Uniforms and Gloves	3,400		0000		40,200		(55,255)		20,000		17,993		2.007
	2		004'0		5,313		87		3,600		3,552		48
											777729242451		2500

TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO BUDGET
YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

Schodule 3 Sheet 5 of 5

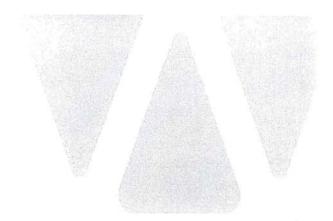
v)					October 31, 2014						October 31, 2013	1. 2013		
ing Station  1 (Continued);  5 20,000 S 5,000 100,000 2 2,500 8,000 14,500 30,000 10,0		Adopted		Final <u>Budget</u>	αĬ	Realized	Variance Final to Actual	ctual	Final		Realized	pe		Variance Final to Actual
ing Station  1 (Continued);  5 20,000 \$ 5 500	Expenditures (Continued)													
ing Station 1.407,900 5.13.28.72.892 8.20.000 5.000 1.000 6.000 1.000 6.000 1.000 6.000 1.000 6.	tes and System Pumping Station (Continued): ther Lines Expenses (Continued):		8		ā								,	
ing Station  100,000  2,500  14,000  2,500  30,000  10,000  5,000  1,407,900  1,407,900  1,407,900  2,867,101  2,867,101  2,867,101  2,860,000  5,000	Buildings and Grounds Maintenance	\$ 20,000	w	20,000	s	14,326	s	5.674	20,000	8 8		10,806	n	9,194
ing Station 1.407,890 9.22  2,500 2,	Chemicais	000'6		9,000		4,000		212	000,000	3 8	-	170.474		0000
14,500 14,500 2,500 2,500 30,000 10,000 5,000 1,407,900 1,	Maintenance of these	000,001		200,000		244 356	7.0	23,902	175,000	3 8	, 4	165 234		9765
14,500 2,500 30,000 30,000 10,000 5,000 1,407,900 1,407,900 1,407,900 1,407,900 5,00	Water	2.500		2.500		2.023		477	3,000	8 8		2,750		250
14,500 2,500 30,000 10,000 10,000 5,000 1,407,900 1,407,	Diesel Fuel	8,000		8,000		17		8,000	8,000	8	-	10,474		(2.474)
2,500 30,000 10,000 5,000 5,000 1,407,900 1,40	Meter Calibration	14,500		14,500		11,393		3,107	14,500	00		9,266		5,234
30,000 10,000 5,000 5,000 1,407,900 1,407,900 9,235,390 9,235,791 535,791 53972,892 5 13,289,272 5 13,289,272 5 13,289,272 5 13,289,272	Communications Equipment	2,500		2,500		933		1,567	2,500	00		1,685		814
39,000 10,000 5,000 1,407,900 1,407,	Equipment Repair	30,000		30,000		80,735	(2	0,735)	30,0	8	60	35,159		(5,159)
10,000 5,000 1,407,9	Equipment Replacement	30,000		30,000		28,705		1,294	30,000	8		770		29,230
5,000 1,407,900 1,40	Contingency	10,000		10,000		28,324	Ξ	(18,324)	10,000	8		54		9,946
1,407,900 9,235,390 9,235,791 535,791 580,000 590,000	New Equipment	5,000	1	5,000		8,867		(3,867)	5,000	8		4,844	1	156
9,235,380 2,857,101 535,781 580,000 3,972,692 5 13,208,272 s	Total Lines and System Pumping Station Expenditures	1,407,900	1	1,407,900		1,206,939	20	200,961	1,355,500	g	97	970,531	ŀ	384,969
2.857,101 535,791 580,000 3.972,892 5 13.208,272 s	Total Operating Expenditures	9,235,380	-	9,235,380	65	9,766,474	(53	(531,094)	8,735,853	23	11,00	11,009,512	l	(2,273,659)
535,791 Inprovements Incoment to Funded by 3,972,832 \$ 13,208,272 \$	ner Costs Funded by Revenues: and Principal	2.857,101		2,857,101	2	2,770,624	80	86,477	3,678,307	20	3,67	3,678,307		
lacement 580,000 lacement 580,000 to Funded by 3,972,892 \$ 13,208,272 \$	terest on Bonds ate Stabilization	535,791		535,791		631,176	6)	5,385)	898,598	98	85	850,004		48,594
3,972,692	ollection System Improvements enewal and Replacement	580,000	1	580,000		577,840		2,160	580,000	8	Ξ	116,872	Į.	463,128
\$ 13,208,272 \$	Total Other Costs Funded by Revenues	3,972,892	l	3,972,892	"	3,979,640		(6.748)	5,155,905	95	4,64	4,645,183	1	511,722
	Grand Totals	\$ 13,208,272	S	13,208,272	\$ 13	13,746,114	\$ (537,842)	7,842)	\$ 13,892,758	58		15,654,695	S	(1,761,937)

TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY
COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY
SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE
YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

Balance	October 31, 2014							10,990,760													7,373,735	18,364,495			15,518,892		307 / 30 01
	ଧ							vs														S		,	vo.		•
	Paid							1,533,523													1,237,101	2,770,624					
	13							20													اس	8		64	<b>4</b> 10	1	
Balance	(As restated)							12,524,283													8,610,836	21,135,119			2,770,624		4
_		. 0		. 0	. 0	. 0	. 0	w														w		53	(n)		
Interest	Rate	5.13%	5.13%	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%		%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0	%0							
	Amount	,609,038	,693,489	777,868	.871,046	1,968,503	2,070,815		162,522	,074,042	139,164	.098,942	114,570	1,122,604	88,109	1,149,762	60,241	1,178,194	30,895	1,154,591							
Maturities	¥	5	-	-	-	-	2			-		-		_		_		-		+							
Mat	Date	8/1/2015	8/1/2016	8/1/2017	8/1/2018	8/1/2019	8/1/2020		2/1/2015	8/1/2015	2/1/2016	8/1/2016	2/1/2017	8/1/2017	2/1/2018	8/1/2018	2/1/2019	8/1/2019	2/1/2020	8/1/2020							
Date	of Issue	11/9/2000							11/9/2000																		
	Purpose	\$26,715,000 (Series 2000 NJEIT)	Trust Loan - To provide funds	for the Treatment Plant Expansion	and Upgrade Project and	costs of issuance.			\$22,642,977 (Series 2000A NJEIT)	Fund Loan - To provide funds	for the Treatment Plant Expansion	and Upgrade Project and	costs of issuance.									Grand Total	- interest	Detail.	Current portion Long-term fiability	•	







Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority Monmouth Beach, New Jersey County of Monmouth

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority, in the County of Monmouth, New Jersey (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended October 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 13, 2015.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

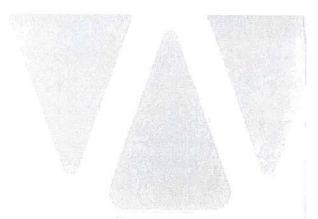
The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

WISS & COMPANY, LLP

Wiss of Company

February 13, 2015 Iselin, New Jersey





# Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of Commissioners Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority Monmouth Beach, New Jersey County of Monmouth

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority's, in the County of Monmouth, New Jersey (the "Authority") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Authority's major federal program for the year ended October 31, 2014. The Authority's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Authority's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

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1.7	2.7	. t. t.	2111

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance.

### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to previously that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended October 31, 2014.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to previously. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes.

Wiss & Company, LLP

February 13, 2015 Iselin, New Jersey

Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority County of Monmouth

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended October 31, 2014

						5014	14	
	CFDA	State	Total	Grant		Cash		
Federal Funding Department	Number	Program Code	Award	Year	2	Receipts	Expe	xpenditures
U.S. Department of Homeland Security								
Pass-Through the State of New Jersey:								
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	066-1160-100-A92 \$	1,260,372	2012-2014	S	722,964	S	984,991
Sub-total - Pass-Through Awards					S	722,964 S	S	984,991
Total expenditures					S	722,964	S	984,991

See accompanying notes to schadules of expenditures of federal awards.

## Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards October 31, 2014

#### Note 1 - General:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal awards programs of the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority. The Authority is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements. To the extent identified, the federal assistance that passed through other governmental agencies is included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

#### Note 2 - Basis of Accounting:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the basis of accounting as described in Note 1 to the Authority's financial statements.

#### Note 3 - Relationship to Financial Statements:

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with amounts reported in the Authority's financial statements.

#### Note 4 - Relationship to Federal Financial Reports:

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports, where required. Expenditures incurred for Disaster Grants for Public Assistance are based upon project worksheets submitted to the Federal Emergency Management Agency. Several of the project worksheets are based upon estimated amounts and may change from preliminary estimates resulting in a reduction of funds to be received or funds due back to the grantor agency.

 $\frac{\text{SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION RELATING TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES}}{\text{OF FEDERAL AWARDS}-\text{OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION}}$ 

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended October 31, 2014

# Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

# **Financial Statement Section**

Type of auditors' report issued: Internal Control over financial reporting:			Unm	odified	
Material weakness(es) identified?			Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			Yes	X	None Reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?			Yes	X	No
Federal Awards					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between typ	e A and B progra	ims:		\$300,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			Yes _	X	No
Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified?			Yes	Х	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			Yes	X	None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for programs:	or major		Uni	modified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to in accordance with with Section 510(a) of OM 133?		19 <u></u>	Yes .	X	No
Identification of major programs:					
Program Number(s)	Name of Fede	eral Program	or Cluste	er	
97.036	Disaster Gran	nts – Public A	ssistanc	e	

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended October 31, 2014

# Section II -Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

No financial statement findings noted that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended October 31, 2014

# Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal programs, as required by U.S. OMB Circular A-133.

# Federal Award Programs:

No compliance or internal control findings noted that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

# Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended October 31, 2014

# SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

Not applicable.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY

#### ROSTER OF OFFICIALS

# FISCAL YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

Name	<u>Title</u>	Surety Bond
William E. Leonard	Chairman	A, B
Thomas Barham	Vice Chairman	A, B
Barry J. Berdahl, Ph. D	Treasurer	A, B
William R. Baarck, P.E.	Secretary	À
Richard N. Tocci	Assistant Treasurer	A
Arno H. Weber	Assistant Secretary	A
John Bonforte	Member	Α
Gregory J. Christopher	Member	A
Scott Hartman	Member	A
Catherine D. LaPorta	Member	A
Brian McPeak	Member	A
William Nolze	Member	A
Michael A. Gianforte, P.E.	Executive Director	A, B, C
Birdsall and Laughlin, LLC Paulus, Sokolowski & Sartor, LLC	Attorney Engineer	
,, but of builton, but	21.5	

#### Surety Coverages:

- A. Municipal Excess Liability Joint Insurance Fund: Public Officials Liability/Employment Practices. \$5,000,000 in the aggregate on claims made basis per member local unit for each fund year subject to a deductible and coinsurance. There is a combined POL/EPL \$5,000,000 per member annual aggregate.
- B. <u>Municipal Excess Liability Joint Insurance Fund</u>: Excess Public Officials Bond. \$950,000 in the aggregate.
- C. <u>Municipal Excess Liability Joint Insurance Fund</u>: Public Official Bond. Blanket Bond All Employees \$50,000.

# TWO RIVERS WATER RECLAMATION AUTHORITY

#### INSURANCE COVERAGE

# FISCAL YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

A blanket policy issued by the New Jersey Utility Authorities Joint Insurance Fund for a oneyear period expiring on January 1, 2015, payable semi-annually was in force during the period under audit. The following coverages were provided:

Commercial Property Package	\$	150,000,000
Other Coverages in Effect:		
Underground & Outfall Pipe		5,000,000
Mobile Equipment		5,000,000
Business Auto		10,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	1	5,000 / 30,000
Commercial General Liability		10,000,000
Public Official Liability		5,000,000
Boiler and Machinery		150,000,000
Crime Coverage		50,000
Worker's Compensation		Statutory
Environmental Liability - Third Party		1,000,000
Travel Accident Insurance (Commissioners)		500,000
Flood / Building		500,000
Flood / Contents		500,000

All of the insurance policies in force were examined. No attempt was made to determine the adequacy of coverage as part of this report. Adequacy of coverage is the responsibility of the Authority. Insurance coverages continued uninterrupted through the date of this report.

# GENERAL COMMENTS OCTOBER 31, 2014

#### Cash Balances

The cash and cash equivalent balances were verified with the statements rendered by the trustee and other depositories and also confirmed by direct communication.

# Contracts and Agreements Requiring Advertisement for Bids

The Commissioners and Executive Director of the Two Rivers Water Reclamation Authority have the responsibility of determining whether the expenditures in any category will exceed the statutory thresholds within the contract year. Where question arises as to whether any contract or agreement might result in violation of the statute, the solicitor's opinion should be sought before a commitment is made.

Under N.J.S.A 40A:11-9(b) the Authority appointed their Executive Director as their Qualified Purchasing Agent. Accordingly, the 2014 bid threshold was \$36,000.

Inasmuch as the system of records did not provide for an accumulation of payments for categories for the performance of any work or the furnishing or hiring of any materials or supplies, the result of such an accumulation could not reasonably be ascertained. Disbursements were reviewed, however, to determine whether any clear cut violations existed.

The results of our examination indicated that no individual payments, contracts, or agreements were made for the performance of any work or goods or services, in excess of the statutory thresholds where there had been no advertising for bids in accordance with the provision of *N.J.S.A.* 40A: 11-2.

Resolutions were adopted authorizing the awarding of contracts or agreements for "Professional Services" per N.J.S.A. 40A: 11-5.

# Delinquent Sewer Charges

A detail of all unpaid sewer charges including customer municipality billings outstanding and amounts due from the participant municipality users is in agreement with an abstract taken from these records as at October 31, 2014 covering all unpaid charges on that date.

A test verification of delinquent charges outstanding at October 31, 2014 and accounts with no balances was made and the results indicated that the accounts of the Authority were in order, based on the replies returned on the confirmations mailed.

# GENERAL COMMENTS (CONTINUED) OCTOBER 31, 2014

# Collection of Interest on Delinquent Sewer Charges

The statutes provide the method for authorizing interest and maximum rates to be charged for nonpayment of sewer charges on or before the date when they would become delinquent. The Authority approved a resolution establishing an interest rate of 1½% per month for delinquent members' charges. The resolution was complied with.

## Interest Requirements

The Authority paid all required interest on its revenue bonds during the period under audit.

#### Revenues

The Authority's operating revenues from participant billings and customer billings, and nonoperating revenues including connection fees and other authorized revenues were adequate in providing sufficient revenues to cover operating, maintenance and debt service costs for the fiscal year, in accordance with the requirements of the Bond Resolution.

Receipts from search fees and other charges were checked to the records maintained and verified as proper in conjunction with the fees established by the Authority.

The Authority's rules and regulations established various fees for application filings, legal and engineering inspections and performance bond requirements. The receipts for these fees were checked to the records maintained.

#### Expenditures

In accordance with the Bond Resolution, Section 610, the Authority adopted annual operating budgets for the fiscal years ending October 31, 2014 and 2013.

Vouchers were examined on a test basis.

An test was made of the employees' compensation and payroll deductions for the year ended October 31, 2014 and for those employees tested, no exceptions were noted except as follows:

#### Finding:

Condition: Employees' payroll deductions for health insurance deductions were withheld in incorrect amounts.

Criteria: Chapter 78, P.L. 2011.

# GENERAL COMMENTS (CONTINUED) OCTOBER 31, 2014

## Expenditures – (Continued)

Cause: The Authority misinterpreted the statutory timelines for implementing increases in the withholding amounts. While New Jersey State Health Benefit rate increases occur in January of each year, the Authority did not revise withholding amounts for these increases until July.

**Authority Response:** The Authority estimates the value of this timing difference as being immaterial and is now clear on the timing of changes in payroll deduction amounts for health benefit contributions.

**Recommendation:** That payroll deductions for employees' contributions for health insurance be compliant with the requirements of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011.

#### Other Comments

#### Finding:

Condition: Numerous developers' escrow cash accounts exist that have been dormant for many years.

Criteria: Good business practice.

Cause: Research into cancellation process and escheat regulations.

Authority Response: The Authority has taken steps toward the closure of these dormant accounts and expects to have them closed during the current fiscal year.

Recommendation: That the dormant developers' escrow cash accounts be reviewed for closure.

#### Exit Conference

An exit audit conference with the Authority was held.

### Acknowledgment

We wish to express our appreciation for the complete cooperation received from the Authority officials and employees and we greatly appreciate the courtesies extended to the members of the audit team during the course of the audit.

# GENERAL COMMENTS (CONTINUED) OCTOBER 31, 2014

#### Follow-up Prior Year's Recommendations

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, our procedures included a review of all prior year recommendations including findings. A corrective action plan must be designed and implemented to insure that procedures are corrected or implemented. A corrective action plan was adopted for 2013 audit recommendations. 2014 recommendations reflected below that are repeated from the prior year are marked with an asterisk.

## Filing Audit Report, N.J.S. 40A:5A-15

A copy of this report has been filed with the Division of Local Government Services.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that:

2014-1 Payroll deductions for employees' contributions for health insurance be compliant with the requirements of Chapter 78, P.L. 2011.

\*2014-2 Dormant developers' escrow cash accounts be reviewed for closure.

The findings noted in our audit were not of such magnitude that they would affect our ability to express an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole and were not deemed to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies.